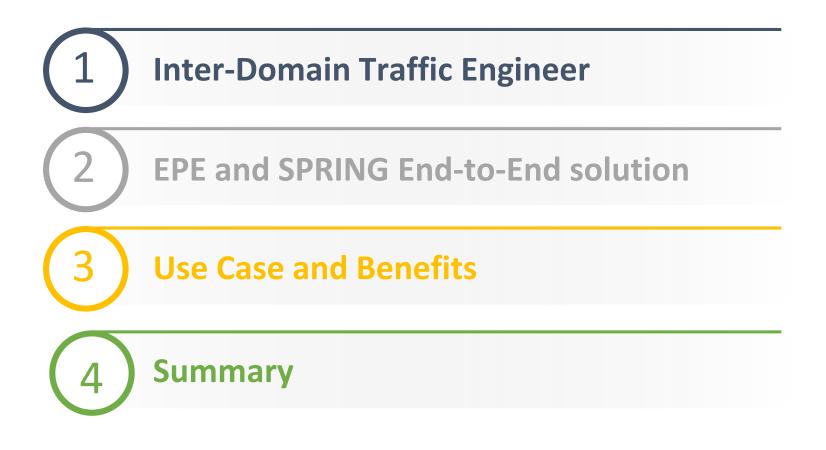
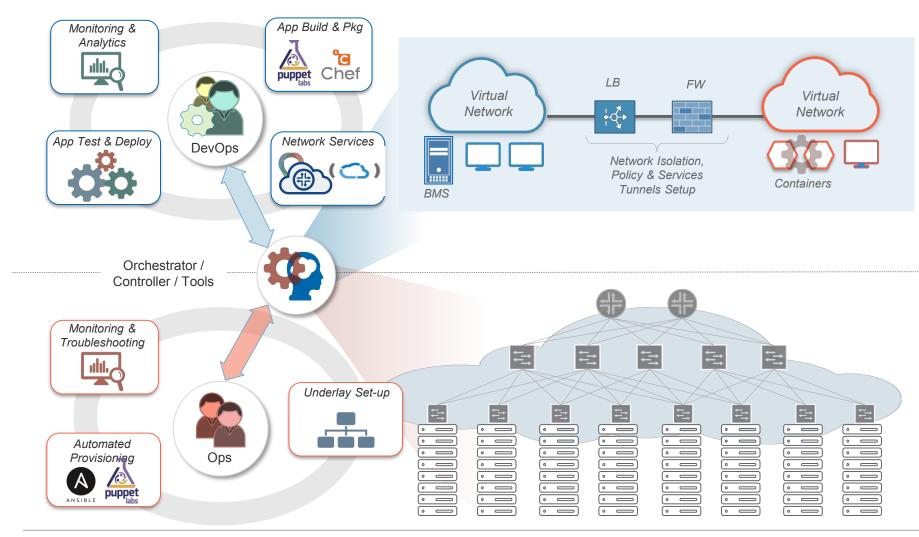
AGENDA





CLOUD – TELCO OR PRIVATE/PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE AS CODE FOR DEVOPS AND AUTOMATION FOR INFRA OPS



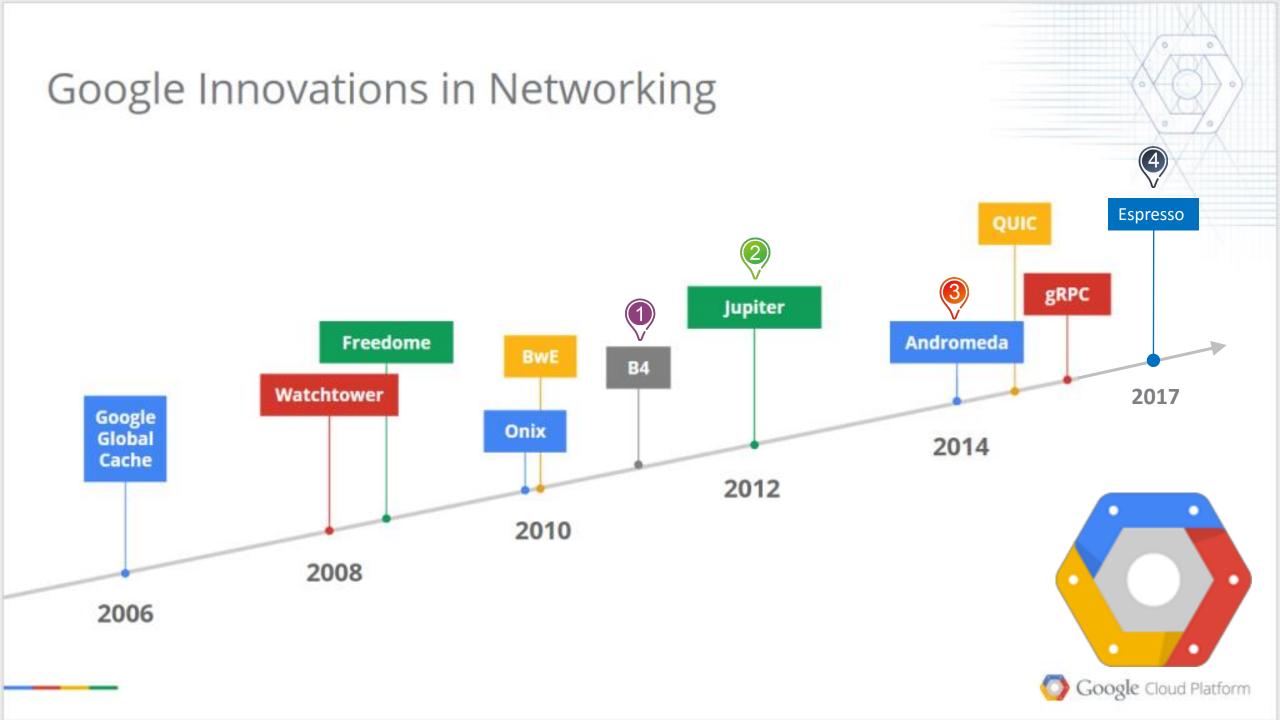
Developer Operations (DevOps)

- Deploy Network & Network Services when you deploy Apps
- Tightly Integrated Orchestration of Compute, Storage, and the Network
- All Networking Services VLANs, Routing, Policy, Load Balancing, IPAM/DHCP, DNS – is provided in software and virtualized
- No App specific knowledge in the underlying hardware

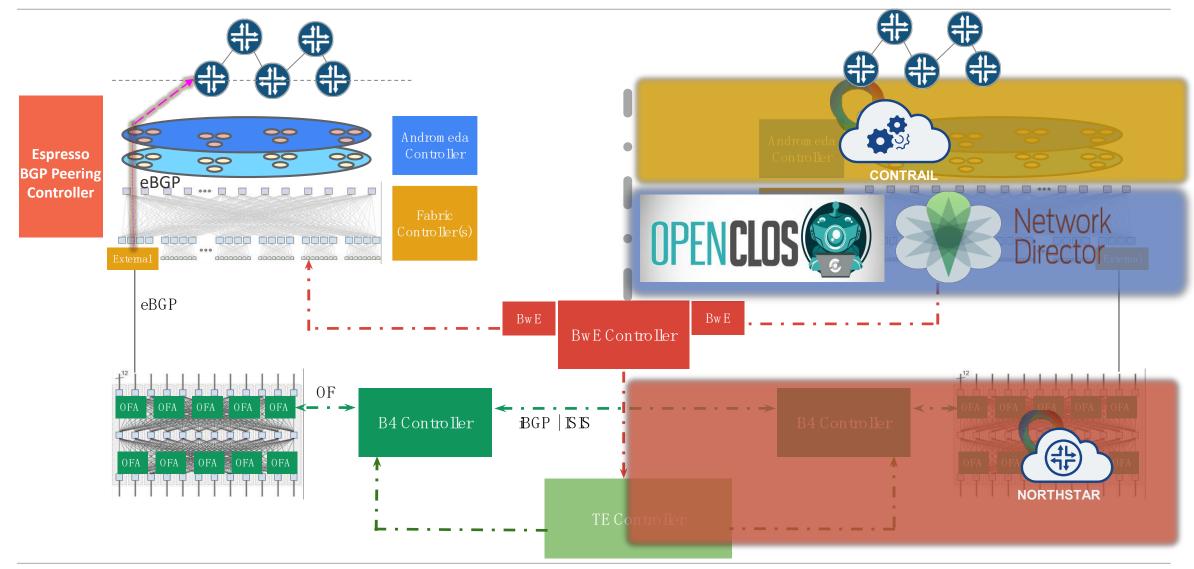
Infrastructure Operations

- Cookie cutter approach to deploying Physical Hardware
- Automated Provisioning of Hardware -Gateway Routers, Spine Switches, TORs, Servers, JBODs, DAS ..
- Secure the Infrastructure, not the Apps
- Integrated Monitoring and Alerting of all hardware components



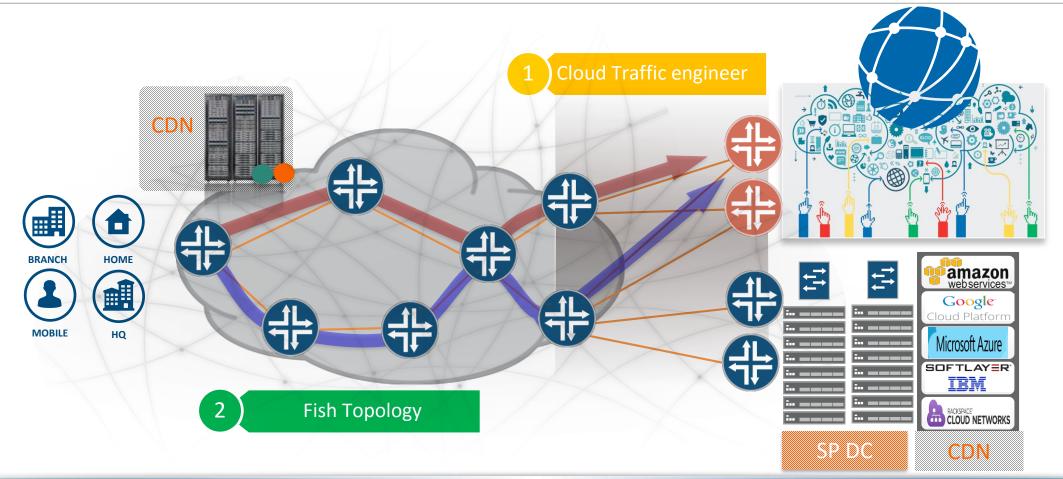


4 CONTROL SYSTEM(DC/HOST/WAN/PEERING) IN GOOGLE'S NETWORK





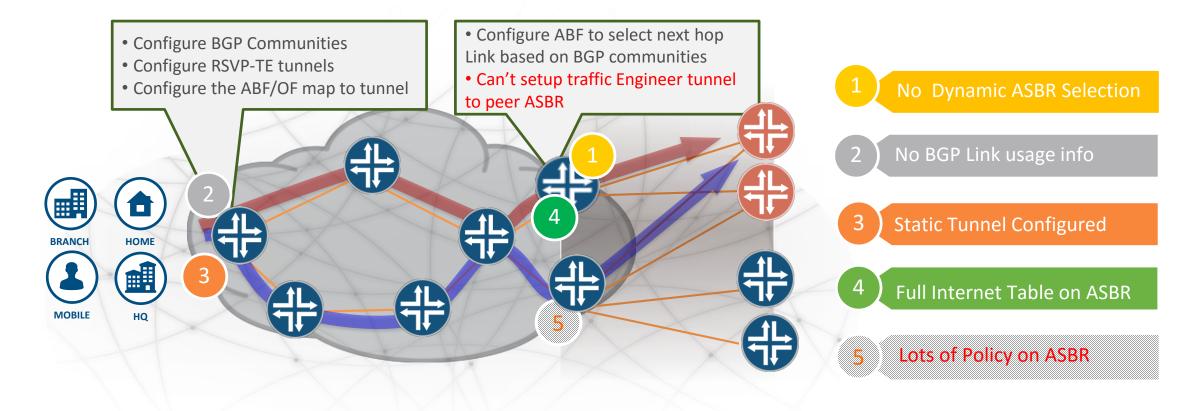
INTER-DOMAIN CLOUD TRAFFIC ENGINEER



Easy to optimize End-To-End Traffic for SP Owned Network. How to optimize VIP Customer for Internet/Cloud connection?



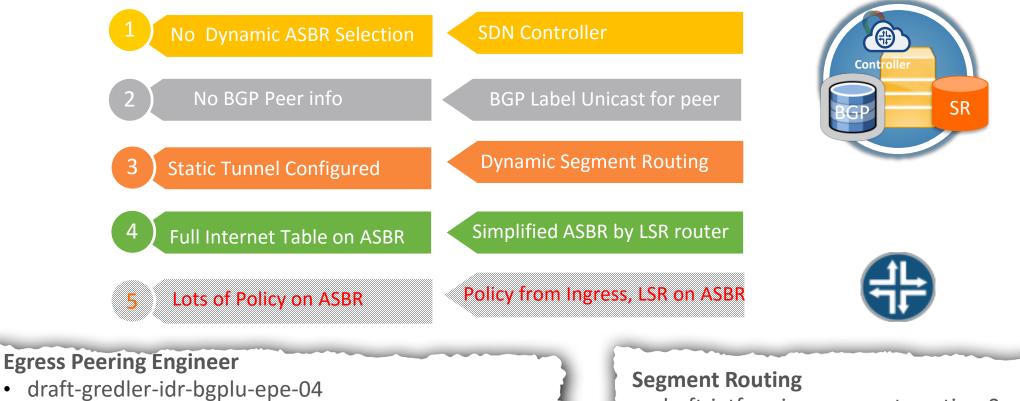
CURRENTLY SOLUTION AND LIMITATIONS



Current Solution can't meet Cloud Traffic Engineer Requirement



CLOUD TRAFFIC ENGINEER SOLUTION COMPONENTS



- draft-ietf-idr-bgpls-segment-routing-epe-02 ٠
- draft-ietf-spring-segment-routing-central-epe-00

draft-ietf-spring-segment-routing-0x

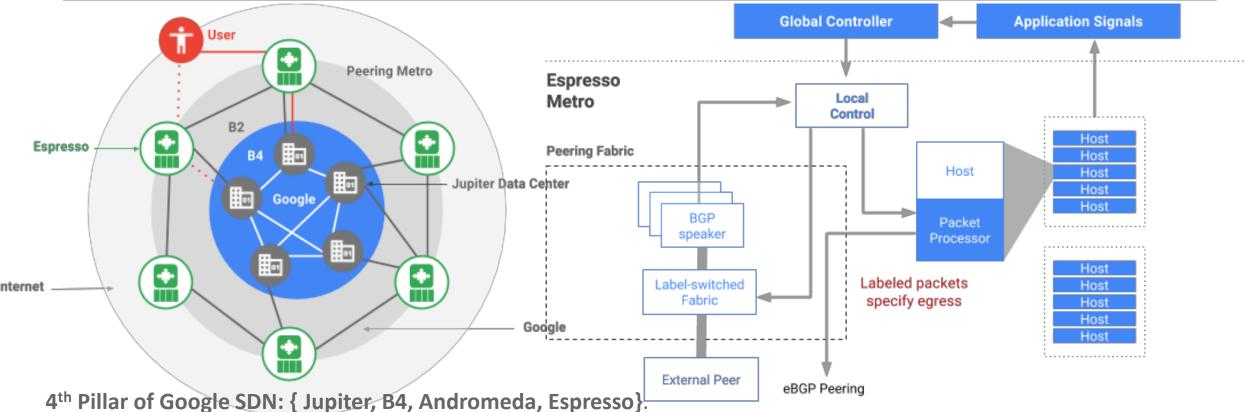
With Controller, Segment Routing and LSR Switch can build Cheaper and Optimized Cloud traffic Engineer



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GOOGLE ESPRESSO CONTROLLER

LEVERAGE JUNIPER BGP EPE



- First, it allows us to dynamically choose from where to serve individual users **based on measurements** of how end-to-end network connections are performing in real time.
- Second, we separate the logic and control of traffic management from the confines of individual router "boxes." Rather than relying
 on thousands of individual routers to manage and learn from packet streams, we push the functionality to a distributed system that
 extracts the aggregate information





BGP EPE DESIGN PHILOSOPHY

How to Select Which Peer to send

- Controller/RR may morning the BGP Peer Link
- Controller/RR find a tunnel from Ingress to ASBR
- Controller/RR based on certain rules to select ASBR

How ASBR identify a Peer

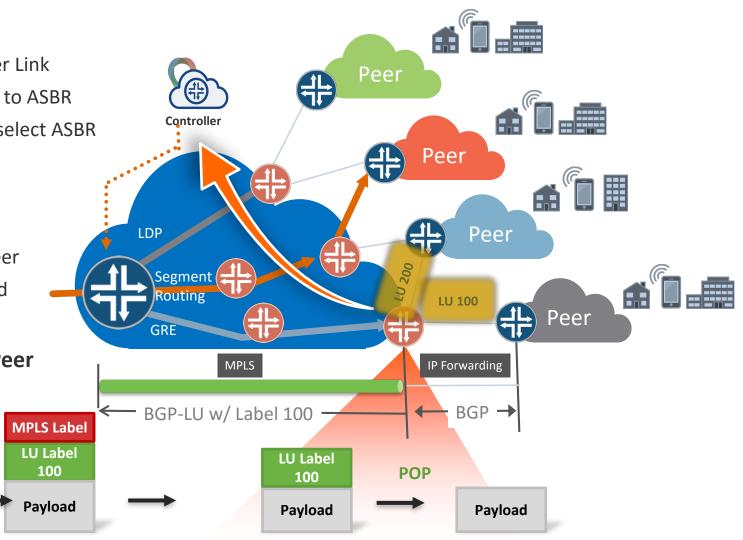
- Per Peer /32 address per label
- Install the MPLS Label POP for every Peer
- When ASBR received different label and send traffic to specific Peer

How Ingress mapping traffic to ASBR/Peer

Push

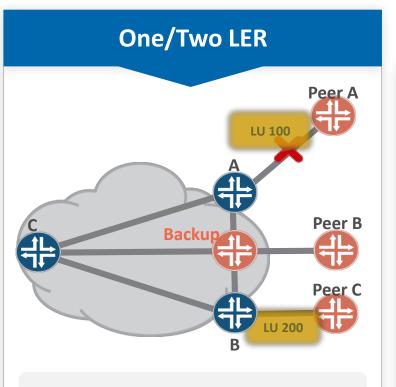
Push

- Ingress push tunnel label to ASBR
- Ingress push BGP-LU label

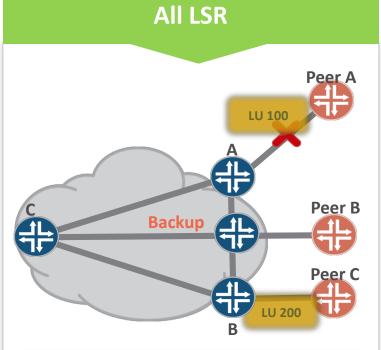




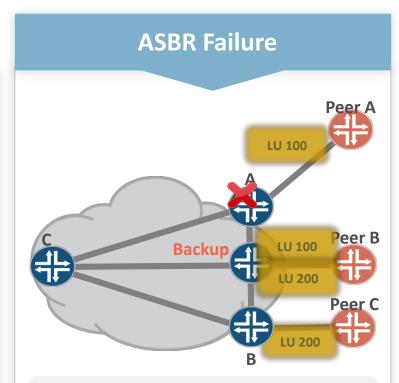
LSR BGP PEER DEPLOYMENT AND CONSIDERATION



- Migrate most ASBR to LSR
- Keep 1 or 2 ASBR as legacy backup
- Redirect traffic to legacy and IP forwarding



- Migrate All ASBR to LSR
- Redirect traffic to backup also follow BGP-LU label forwarding

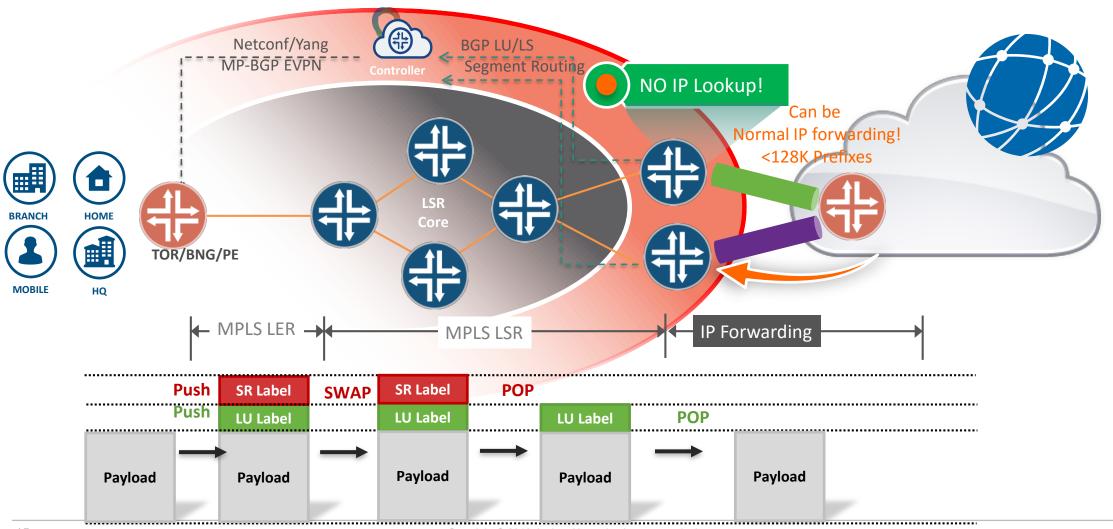


- Migrate All ASBR to LSR
- In case of ASBR failure
- Redirect traffic to backup which keep all other BGP-LU information follow BGP-LU label forwarding



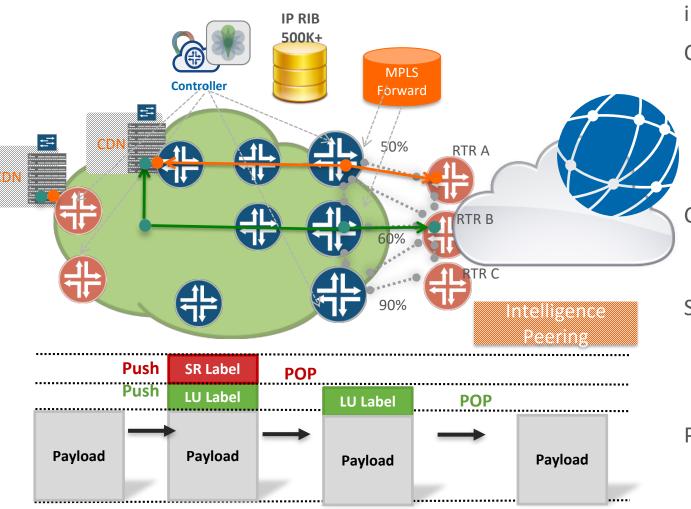
BGP-LU EPE & MPLS KEY BENEFITS

EXTEND HOLLOW CORE/LSR TO PEERING, CHEAPER PEERING SOLUTION





USE CASE, CDN PEERING



ASBR Setup BGP session and pass BGP-LU and BGP-LS information to Controller.

Controller Calculate the Path

- Controller select which Peer A/B/C send traffic to with LU label.
- Controller and ASBR take part in the Segment routing domain, and know to send traffic to ASBR adding a IGP/SR label or tunnels
- Controller will send MPLS label Stack to Ingress Router or Host

Controller keep monitor path and Egress link

 When Congestion happens, will automatically redirect traffic to another ASBR/Peer by changing the label stack

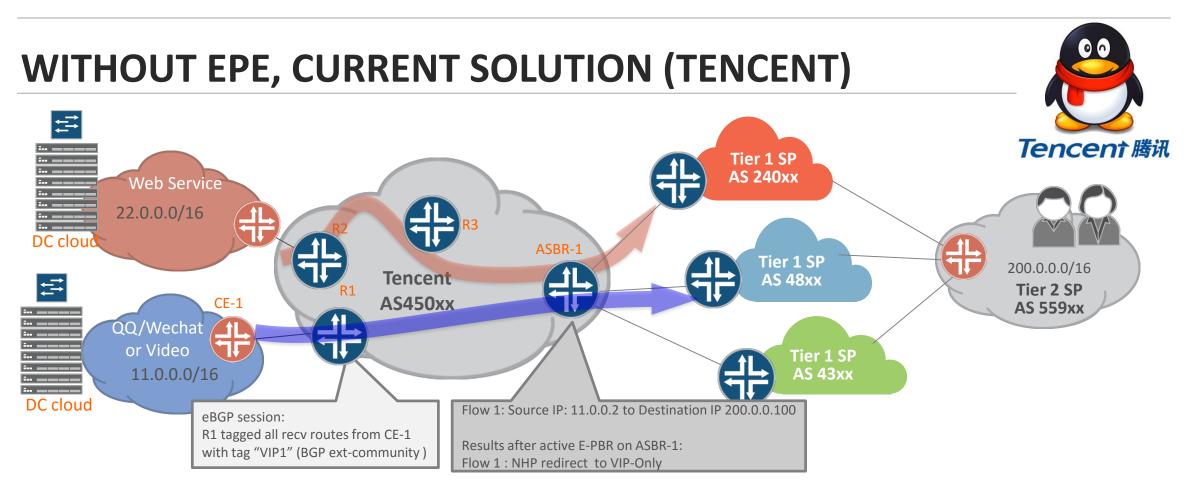
Separate Control/Forwarding

- Controller Full Internet Table, RIB, Control Plane only.
- ASBR only Keep LSR label switching, Forwarding Plane, No IP lookup

Policy start from Ingress

Linux Host/Hypervisor/switch/router



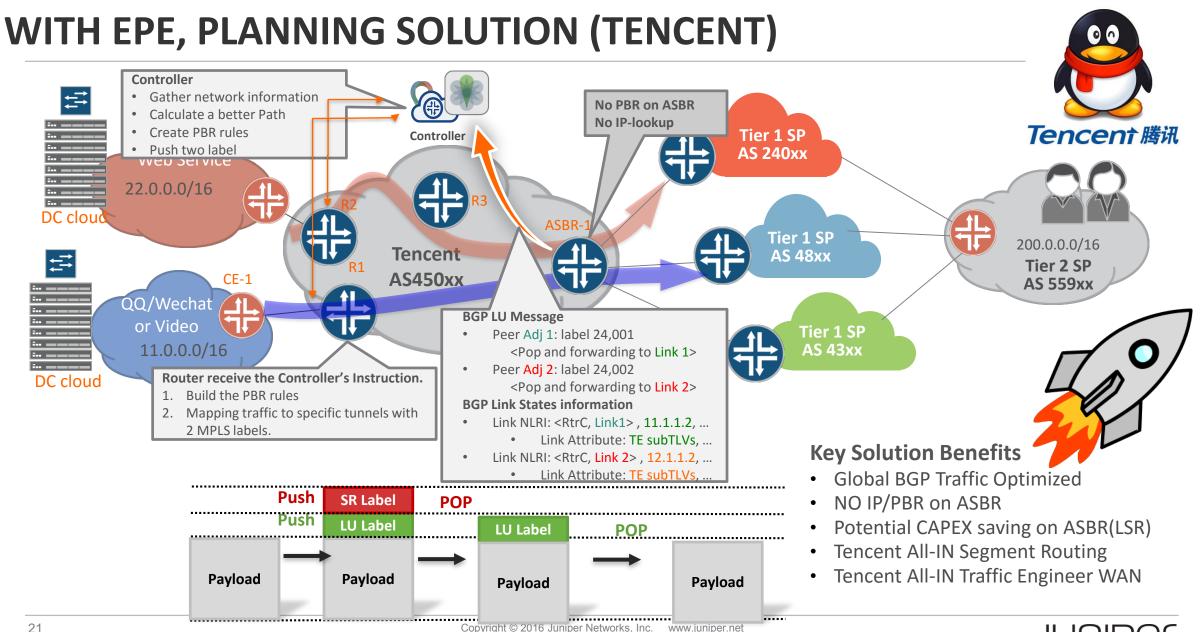


Tencent Peering Situation

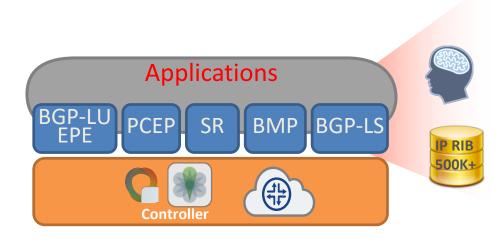
- Peering with many Tier 1 and 2 SP, around 20+ peer AS.
- Peering from 4-5 cities across China, Beijing/Shanghai/Shenzhen/Guangzhou etc.
- Peering with Hongkong for international directly

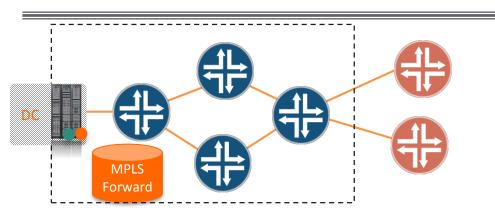
Key Pain Points

- No Global BGP traffic Engineering optimization
- Static RSVP tunnel, A lot of Policies on ASBR.
- Peering Traffic Grow so fast, how to save CAPEX on ASBR?



APPLICATIONS DETAILS SAME TECHNOLOGY FOR DC & WAN





Application is the Network Brian:

- BGP-LU EPE information from ASBR for peer label and internet prefix table.
- BGP-LS/Netflow information for all link TE TLV, and BMP for Prefix
- PCEP, Calculate Segment routing tunnel and apply 2+ labels in network
- Traffic Steering/mapping to tunnels, and monitor tunnels
- Easier to calculate Latency based routing for network wide optimized.

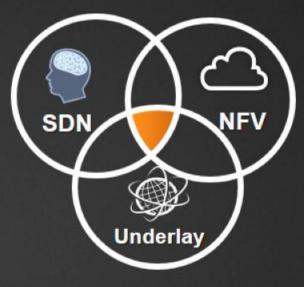
Controller for Segment routing Traffic Tunnel setup/monitor Separate Control/Forwarding

- Controller Full Internet Table, RIB, Control Plane only.
- ASBR only Keep LSR label switching, Forwarding Plane, No IP lookup



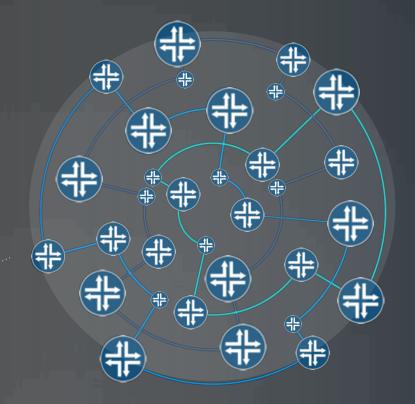
Segment Routing Customers Re-invent MPLS again! Foundation of NFV/SDN

- Major vendors claim to support, ALU/Cisco/Huawei/Juniper
- Known customer transforming to SPRING
 - AT&T CORD
 - Microsoft SWAN
 - China OTT, Tencent/Alibaba
 - Japan Softbank/NTT
 - ANZ Telstra etc





ANALYTICS & MACHINE LEARNING



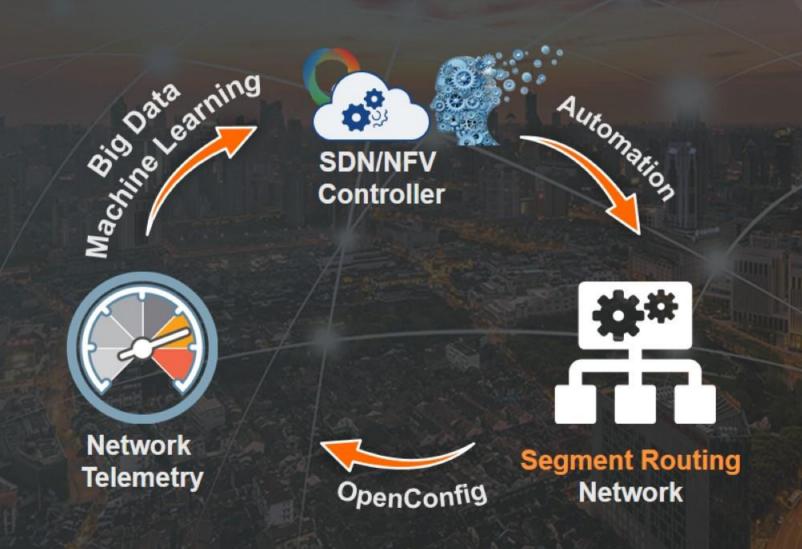


BIG DATA ANALYTICS & MACHING LEARNING - CONSTANT MONITORING, FEEDBACK-LOOP - PREDICTIVE & ADAPTIVE NETWORKS



ROAD TO SELF DRIVEN NETWORK





SUMMARY

1	Extend Traffic Engineer to Cloud, Global Network Optimized
2	SDN Controller Solution, Automatic Congestion/Latency Optimized
3	Simplified ASBR Design, no IP, no Policy, LSR only
4	Controller/Application support full intelligence RIB/Traffic Telemtry
5	Standard Based solution, work with existing peer ASBR



